

Reflecting on Practice: Worthwhile Tasks



Session 2

- Where we were
- Where we're going



- Question: If $r=2$, find the circumference of the circle
- Answer: $C=4\pi$



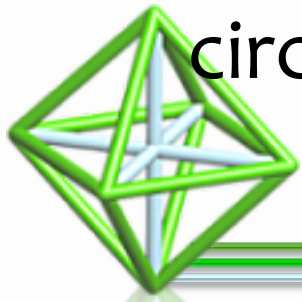
Another question

Question: If $r=2$, find the circumference of the circle

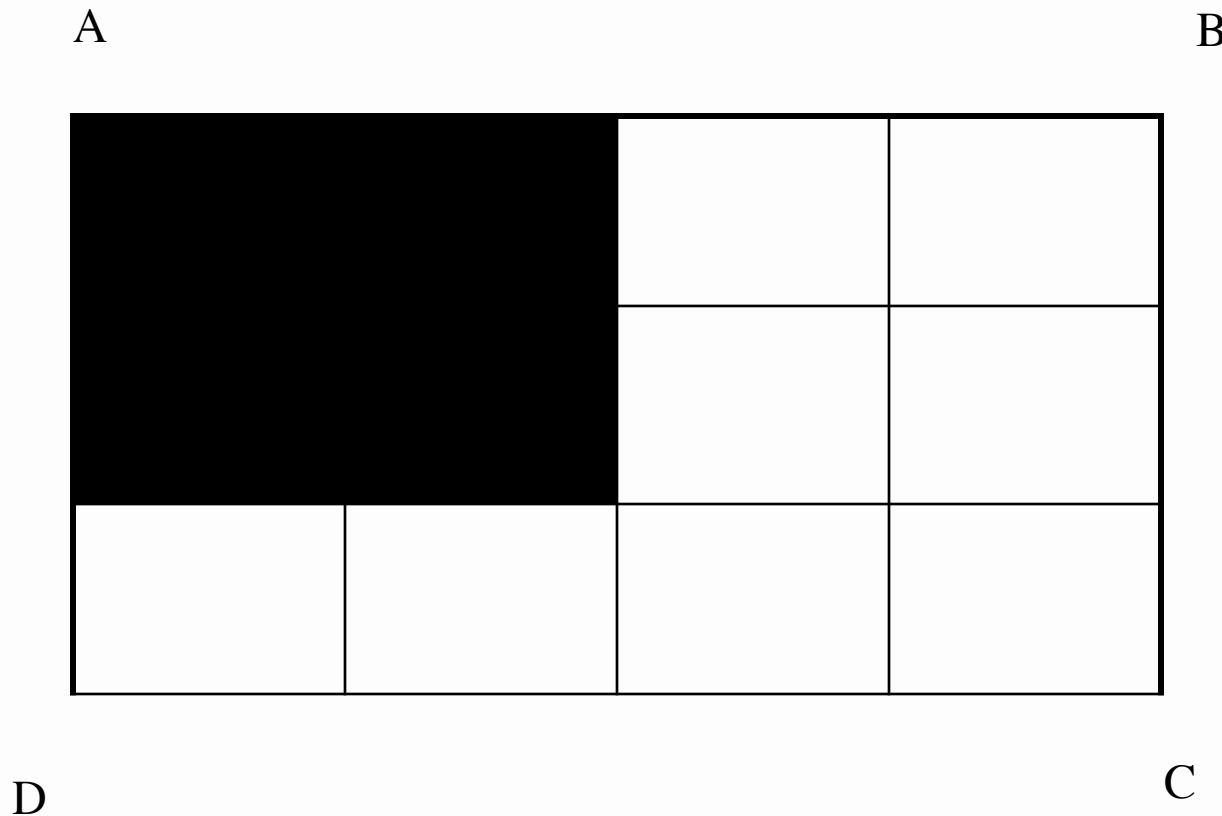
- Answer: $C=4\pi$

Is this a better question?

- Will the circumference and the area of a circle ever be the same? Why or why not?



In the figure below, what fraction of the rectangle ABCD is shaded?



a) $\frac{1}{6}$

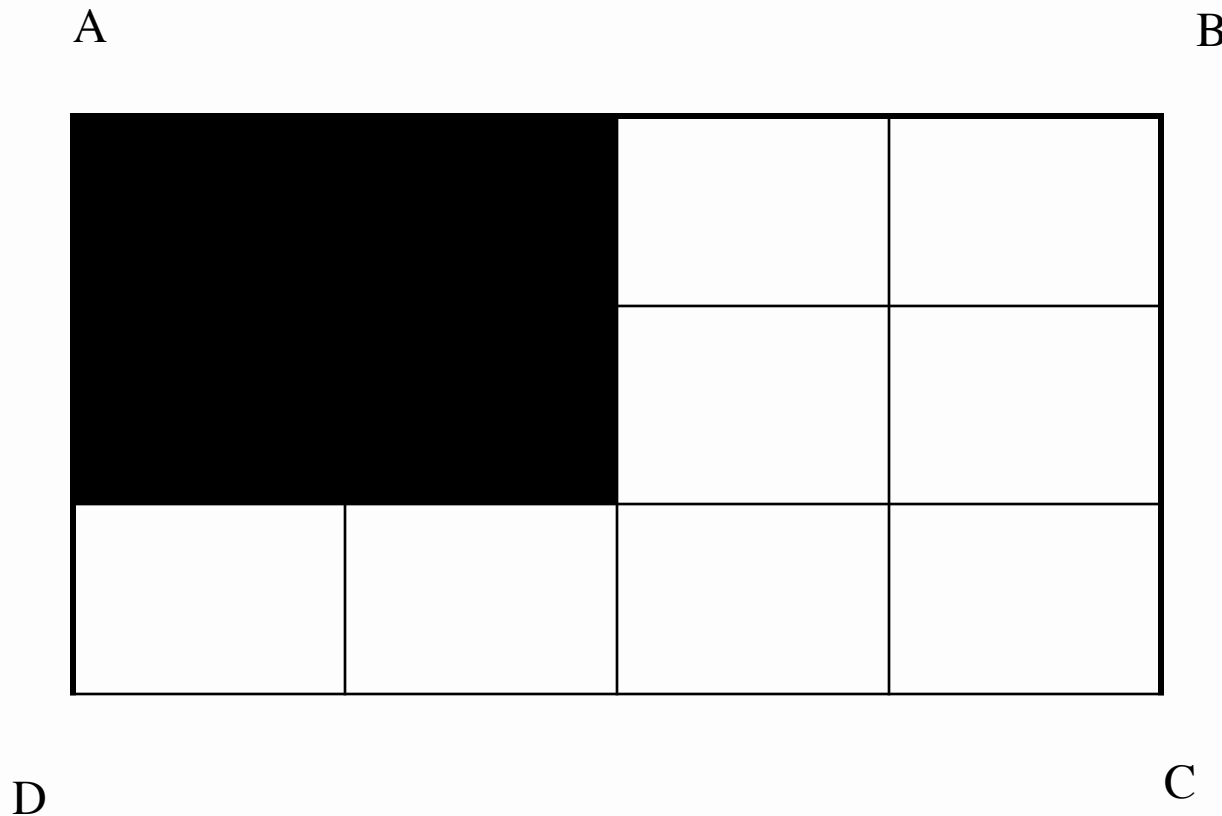
b) $\frac{1}{5}$

c) $\frac{1}{4}$

d) $\frac{1}{3}$

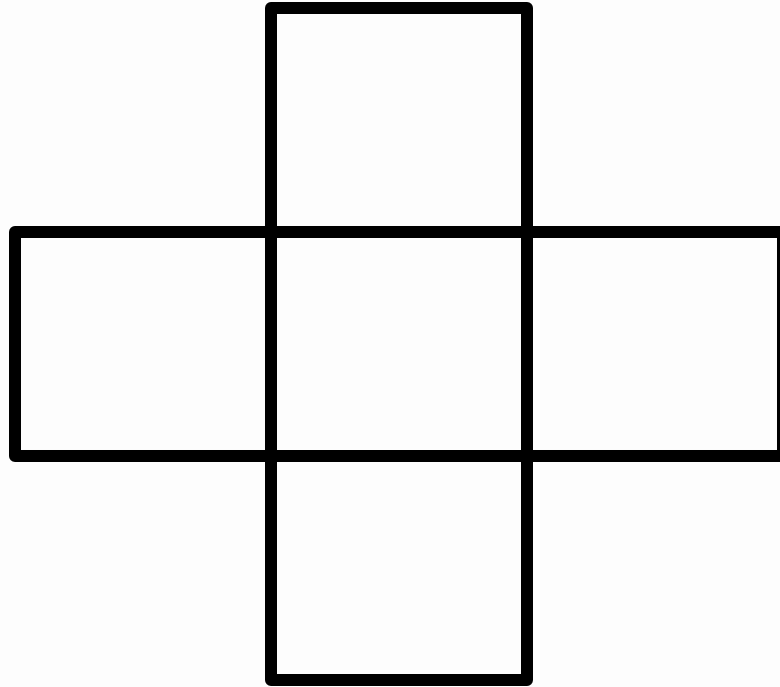
e) $\frac{1}{2}$

In the figure below, what fraction of the rectangle ABCD is shaded?



- a) $1/6$ (5%)
- b) $1/5$ (3%)
- c) $1/4$ (24%)
- d) $1/3^*$ (66%)
- e) $1/2$ (2%)

Color $\frac{1}{4}$ of the drawing.

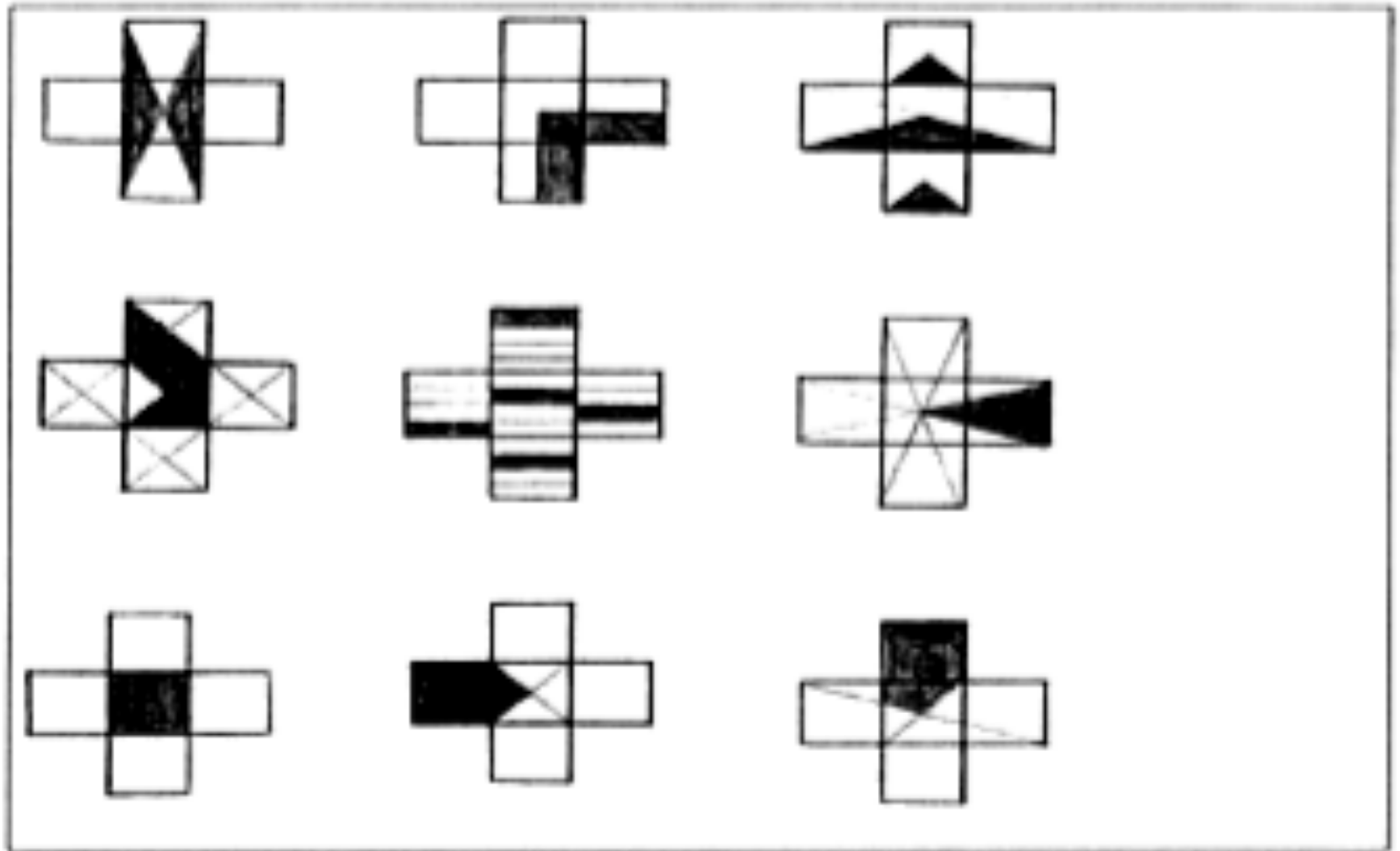


Another approach to $\frac{1}{4}$

(Dekker & Querrelle)



In which is $\frac{1}{4}$ of the shape shaded?



What did you like or not like about this task in terms of promoting discussion and eliciting student understanding?



Tasks should be chosen so that there is an opportunity for error in reasoning or thinking that opens up an opportunity to discuss or explain- not just an error in the next step (lost a negative sign or multiplied incorrectly).



- Choose one of the problems and find a solution



- Choose one of the problems and find a solution
- Share your solution with one or two others that did the same task
- Write down a few ways that the task could promote discussion and elicit evidence of student thinking and understanding



Sort according to some criteria

$5x + y = 9$ $10x - 7y = -18$	$3x - 2y = 2$ $y = -10 - x$	$6x - 2y = 7$ $3x - y = 5$	$-14 = -20y - 7$ $10y + 4 = 2x$
$y = x^2 + 4x + 3$ $y = 2x + 6$	$2x - 3y = 6$ $6x - 18 = 9y$	$8x + y = -1$ $-3x + y = -5$	$x - y = 11$ $2x + y = 19$
$x^2 + y^2 - 4 = 0$ $2y^2 + x + 2 = 0$	$x^2 + y^2 = 25$ $x - y = 5$	$-4x - 2y = -12$ $4x + 8y = -24$	$3 + 2x - y = 0$ $-3 - 7y = 10x$
$x^2 + y^2 - 16x + 39 = 0$ $x^2 - y^2 - 9 = 0$	$-7x + y = -19$ $-2x + 3y = -1$	$x = 3y - 5$ $y = 2x + 4$	$2x - y = 3$ $y - 3 = 3x$



Solve the system

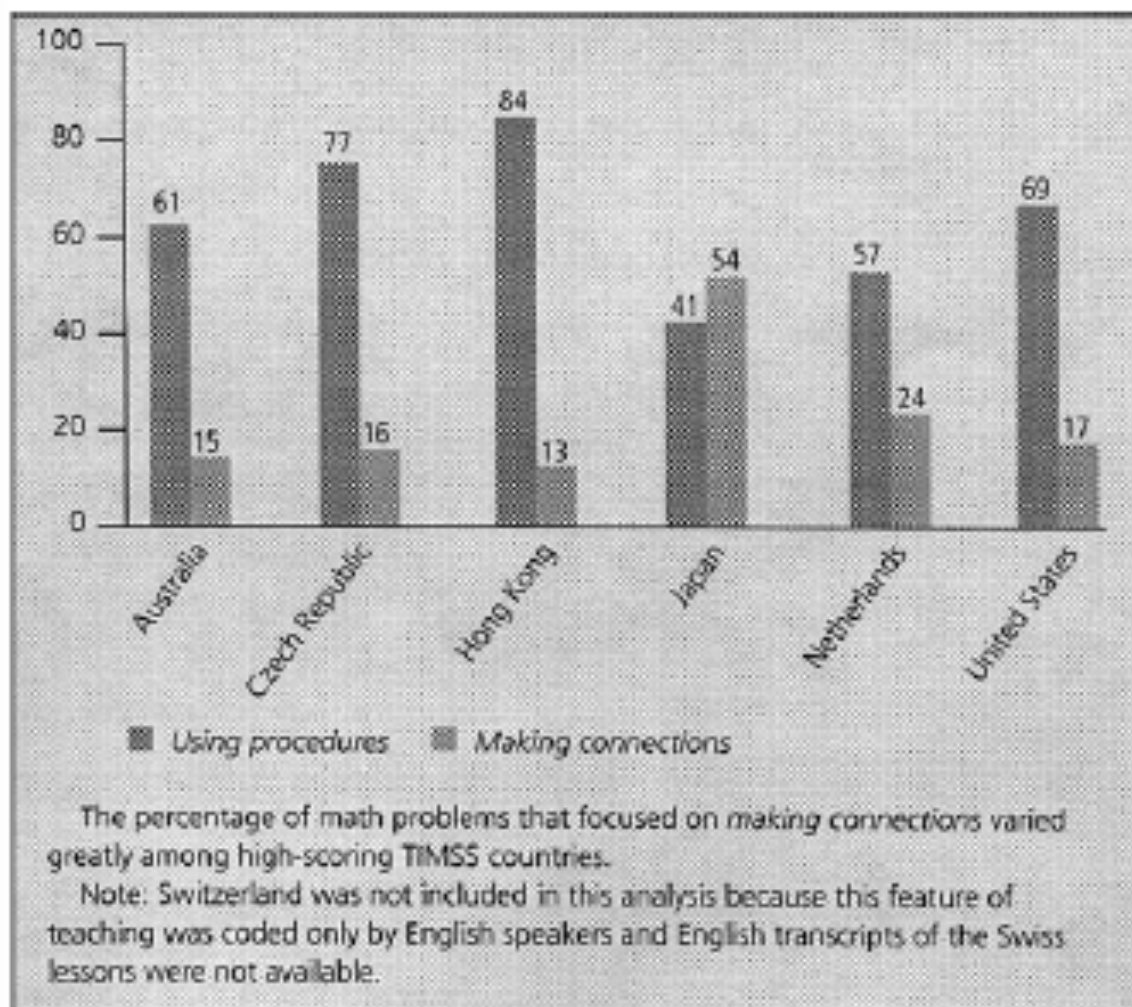
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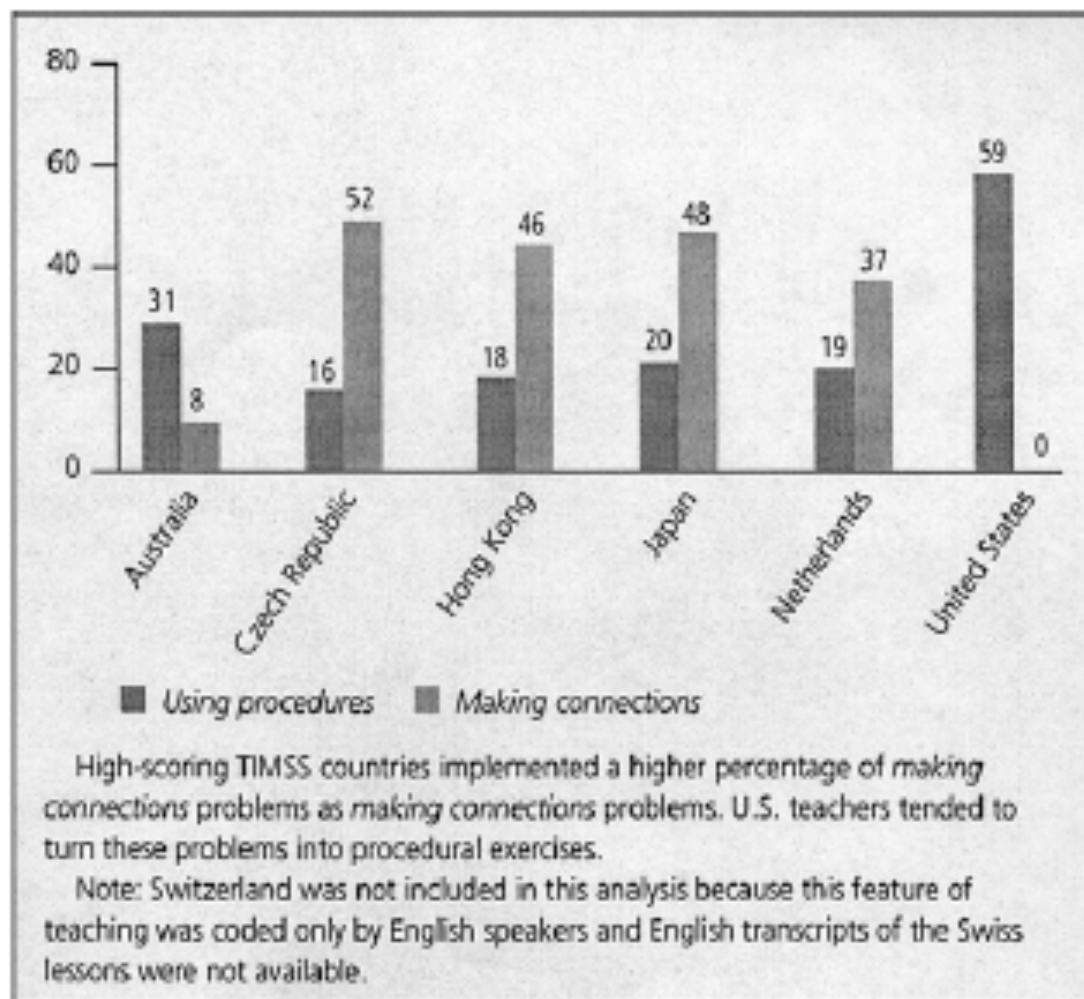
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Types of math problems presented

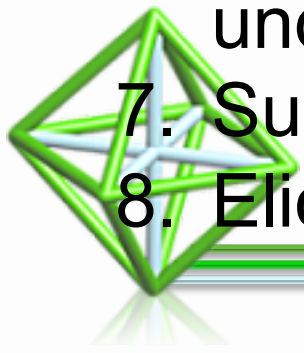


How teachers implemented making connections math problems



Mathematics Teaching Practices: *Effective teachers*

1. Establish mathematics goals to focus learning.
2. Implement tasks that promote reasoning and problem solving.
3. Use and connect mathematical representations.
4. Facilitate meaningful mathematical discourse.
5. Pose purposeful questions.
6. Build procedural fluency from conceptual understanding.
7. Support productive struggle in learning math.
8. Elicit and use evidence of student thinking.



For yourself (write in your journal):

- What is one message from this session that you would want to bring back to another teacher? How would you make it meaningful and accessible for them (when they haven't been here with you)?

To write on index card & hand in:

- What question would you like to raise for us to think about as we move forward?

When done ... Be back in the room by 4:25



Readings

- Hiebert, J., & Stigler, J. (2004). Improving Mathematics Teaching *Improving Achievement in Math and Science*, 64(5), 12-17.
- Sanchez, W. (2013). Open ended questions and the process standards. 107(3). *Mathematics Teacher*.



References

- Dekker, T. & Querelle, N. (2002). Great assessment problems (*and how to solve them*). CATCH project www.fi.uu.nl/catch
- Hiebert, J., & Stigler, J. (2004). Improving Mathematics Teaching *Improving Achievement in Math and Science*, 64(5), 12-17.
- National Council of Teachers of Mathematics. (2014). Principles to action: Ensuring mathematical success for all students. Reston VA: The Council
- Sanchez, W. (2013). Open ended questions and the process standards. 107(3). *Mathematics Teacher*.

